Ian Ramsey CE Academy: ENGLISH Curriculum Progression Model

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CURRICULUM		-	. Why study it. Why study it					How we teach the curriculum	What we expect from the
	_	What we need pupils to have learnt at each point/end of each year and the logical connection and the sequential learning between what is studied in the different terms and between years. This is what is to be sourced and what a effectively greating the idea that the intent is the surgiculum. The intent is quantities up to the point of tageling. The purpose of our quariculum and the knowledge we want our pupils to ge							
	<u> </u>	covered and when, effectively creating the idea that the intent is the curriculum. The intent is everything up to the point of teaching. The purpose of our curriculum and the knowledge we want our pupils to go						and how we support our pupils to	How we make it challenging and
	ן בי	away with in their working memory.					remember it. How we use rote,	ambitious for our pupils. How we assess	
	₹	Pupils need to learn about English Language and English Literature. Our aim over, 5 years, is to teach pupils to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate ideas and opinions					retrieval, interleaving, metacognition	learning, knowledge and understanding;	
		to others as well as learn about other peoples' opinions through reading and listening. We develop pupils culturally, emotionally, intellectually, spiritually, and socially. Pupils learn to						etc. in our teaching; why we teach in	
6	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	acquire knowledge and build on what they already know. English underpins every other subject. Without the skills that are the basis of English Language and Literature, pupils would						the way we are and justify decisions	
7	3 O	not be able to access any other subject or the wider world around them. There is a reason that the subject 'English' cannot become a noun to describe a job - because it is more than the							
`		content of the subject. It is the basis for all learning and understanding.						this way.	why we assess this way?
		Setting Designing Planning							Delivering
		· ·	What: Poetry	What: Shakespeare Play	What: Contemporary Novel	What: Descriptive Writing	What: Multicultural Poetry	Delivery of Jassons is underninged	Assessment for Learning is used in all
<	-		•	·			*	•	lessons to provide evidence for use by
			What: Using explicit teaching	What: A fun play to engages		What: Pupils develop their	What: Using poems from		
		transactional writing skills		pupils. Pupils investigating		writing skills focusing on how	different cultures, pupils	learning to support deep thinking,	
		from KS2. Reciprocal Reading	effect on the reader, using a	plot, character, and analysis	developing an understanding	they can structure their	review and extend on their	_	pupils are in their learning, where they
		strategies are utilised to	variety of poems, analysing	of how they are used to	of styles, techniques, and	writing using a range of	learning from the beginning	-	need to go and how best to get there.
		develop reading skills from	the way poets use a range of	express ideas to an audience.	publications synonymous	structural choices to make	of the year. Pupils will	well as helping to develop	
		KS2 to support the	devices to express meaning,	The incorporation of drama	with the 19th Century (Penny	their writing more mature.	develop their exploration	metacognition and group work skills	Formative Assessment
	~	exploration of a range of		skills and techniques allow		_	through developed analysis	to develop resilience. This enables	This is used to provide information
	⋖	exemplar pieces of writing		pupils to explore the text	•		of writer's use of language		about what pupils know, understand,
	YE			from a literary and dramatic		accuracy, building on key			and can do. This is used by both the
	>	learning to their own writing.		form of text.	and explore writers' choices.	areas identified in prior units.	and structure for effect.	, ,	teacher and the pupil to determine
					•		Who save Donila boild as	1 · · · ·	where pupils are in their learning and
		Why now: KS2 moderation		Why now: Building on the		Why now: To recall and	Why now: Pupils build on	styles.	how to continue to develop their
			_	analysis developed through	_	embedding skills from the	_	Texts are chosen to fit with the	knowledge and skills within the subject.
		to write in role more than		poetry, pupils can apply their		_	the year, applying them to		=
		formal and non-fiction styles	lack of exposure of focus on	_	learning of textual analysis	skills to be able to adapt to	•	requirements of the KS3 NC, as well	
		and structures.	poetic literature.	different texts.	focusing response structure.	different styles of writing.	writing.	as to build on skills, personal	
	∞	What: Writing for Purpose	What: Descriptive Writing	What: Shakespeare Play	What: Contemporary Novel	What: Narrative Writing	What: Modern Drama	experiences and cultural capital of	
		What: Year 7 writing skills	What: Building on skills from	What: Introduction of a new	What: Choice of texts ensure	What: Building on skills from	What: A new historical	pupils. The writing curriculum is	(written and verbal)
		are revisited; developing	Year 7, pupils apply skills to	Shakespeare play, revisiting	pupils are challenged in their	Year 7 and earlier in the year,	period to provide challenge.	designed to follow the KS3 NC	 Peer feedback
			different situations and	the skills of character and	-	pupils apply skills to different	Skills are transferred to this	requirements, as well as cover areas	 Pupil self-assessment
		non-fiction and descriptive		plot and action. Developing	<u> </u>		unit, embedding them for	which our pupils have gaps/	
		writing. Pupils consider how			of the novel. The texts	Structure is revisited, but an	pupils and consider how play	weaknesses in, which are pertinent	Summative Assessment
		language is used to convey	-	in the contextual influences		-		to their lives outside school. Where	This is also used at key points in each
	_		-	of the play to help broaden	•	• •	-	possible, events are linked to	year to evaluation pupils' achievement.
	X	_			-			individuals, places, and the local	They allow a holistic view of pupils'
YEA	T		_	pupils' understanding of		•	•	•	progress and support the identification
	Щ,		choices to impact the reader.	factors the influence the				malar rank kan ar milla	
	_	broaden cultural capital.		writer's choices.	KS3 as well as RE in KS3.	impact the reader.	dramatic irony, irony, and	relevant to papils.	of areas requiring additional focus to
	-						foreshadowing.		improve learning overall.
		Why now: To revisit and	-		Why now: Pupils build on		Why now: Pupils will develop		
		-	_	with a new Shakespeare play	_		understadning of a new form		
			previous units, pupils ca use	using skills from Y7 while	them to a new medium,		of narrative structure. This		um overview
		from Y7, focusing on how	knowledge to inform own	developing their knowledge	fictional, using Reciprocal	of character and narrative	will broaden understanding	Teacher intervention	
Į.		meaning can be conveyed.	writing and create effects.	of the 16 th Century.	Reading strategies.	voice to inform their writing.	of drama scripts.	reducer intervention	Concept/Unit overview
	-	What: Creative Writing	What: Modern Novel	What: Modern Drama	What: Shakespeare Play	What: Non-fiction	What: Poetry	Moderation & standardisation	
		What: Building on the	What: Choice of texts ensure	What: Pupils apply their	What: Introduction of a new	What: To expose pupils to a	What: This unit builds on		Lesson overview – targeted to
		devices and techniques	pupils are challenged in their	knowledge of playscripts to a	Shakespeare play, revisiting		analytical skills and the	End of unit assessment	pupil needs
				new text, as well as build on	the skills of deciphering plot,		effects of poetic techniques,		BJECT
		lessons will focus on form		their knowledge and skills to	character, and action.	formed from selections of	whilst also exposing pupils to	Teacher intervention CLIDE	Teacher intervention
			and narrative techniques, as	deepen their understanding	Language and its effect will		a wider cultural base as well	CURF	RICULAR
		character, setting and plot.	-	of dramatic interpretations		· ·	as exploring how to apply		VCIE
	X			•		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Key skills/knowledge tasks (differentiated)	YCLE Key skills/knowledge tasks (differentiated)
	<	-	portrays meaning to the	of the text.	beginning to look at the		their understanding of poetic	(differentiated)	(differentiated)
	Æ	of literary devices.	reader.	Nati = 6	nuances of language choices.	texts.	techniques in unseen poetry.	Total and Assessed	/ Teacher intervention
	>	-	=	Why now: To focus pupils'	_	Why now: Pupils apply their	Why now: Pupils develop	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second s
				analysis of literature play		_	their cultural exploration of	Mid-term accessment	Key skills/knowledge tasks
				scripts that draw together		-	poetry before applying their	(differentiation)	(differentiated)
		of language to impact on the	being introduced the theme	their learning of narrative	This is linked to the	well helping to improve and	understanding to unseen		er intervention
		reader.	racial discrimination. This is	structure and dramatic	Holocaust Beacon Status and	develop their own authorial	poetry in preparation for the		
			developed in a future unit.	devices for effect.	the theme of anti-Semitism.	voice.	first unit of the GCSE study.		
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Curriculum What we study. Why study it. Why study it now.

What we need pupils to have learnt at each point/end of each year and the logical connection and the sequential learning between what is studied in the different terms and between years. This is what is to be covered and when, effectively creating the idea that the intent is the curriculum. The intent is everything up to the point of teaching. The purpose of our curriculum and the knowledge we want our pupils to go away with in their working memory.

Pupils need to learn about English Language and English Literature. Our aim over, 5 years, is to teach pupils to speak and write fluently so that they can communicate ideas and opinions to others as well as learn about other peoples' opinions through reading and listening. We develop pupils culturally, emotionally, intellectually, spiritually, and socially. Pupils learn to acquire knowledge and build on what they already know. English underpins every other subject. Without the skills that are the basis of English Language and Literature, pupils would not be able to access any other subject or the wider world around them. There is a reason that the subject 'English' cannot become a noun to describe a job - because it is more than the

content of the subject. It is the basis for all learning and understanding. Setting Designing What: Shakespeare **What: Reading Fiction** What: 19th Century Novel What: Modern Drama What: Poetry (Anthology) What: What: What: What: What: Exploration of a post-1914 Pupils draw upon a range Exploration of a post-1914 Exploration of a post-1914 of 20th and 21st Century text focusing on character, text focusing on character, text focusing on character, extracts to develop their setting and theme. setting, theme and the setting, theme and the critical reading of texts. Exploration the dramatic dramatic devices used by dramatic devices used by present. devices used by the writer writers to convey meaning the writer to convey and ideas, both literal and identify explicit and to convey meaning and meaning and ideas, both inferential ideas. literal and inferential implicit information in the Critical reading of the text use of language and Pupils will develop both

- to identify themes and the Critical reading of the text writers' social, historical, to identify themes and the and cultural contexts to writers' social, historical, understand the writer's and cultural contexts to understand the writer's influences. Pupils will ensure that
- Pupils will ensure writing their writing is clear and coherent with an accurate is clear and coherent with accurate use of Standard English.

Exploration a full text allows

pupils to develop skills from

previous drama text, but in a

different context and style.

What: Unseen Poetry

Study a range of poems as prescribed by AQA, poems of the past and

- Pupils will study either poetry based on the theme of Power and Conflict or Love and Relationships.
- Each cluster of poems are thematically linked and written between 1789 and the present day.
- Pupils compare poems exploring poets' choices of language, structure, and context.

developed this year to

develop the skills taught in

Year 9 focused on a wider

Why now:

range of poems.

What: Revision

What:

Why now: Builds on literature skills

English.

Planning

What:

What: Speaking & Listenin

Pupils will present ideas

on a set task.

and information for

different purposes based

Pupils will select and

organise information and

ideas effectively and

persuasively for different

purposes and audiences.

Pupils will listen and

respond appropriately to

any questions and

feedback, expressing all

ideas using Standard

Pupils develop their own speeches, having explored the range of speeches and method used as exemplars.

Pupils use this time to revisit the key texts for English

Pupils will benefit from the transferable skills developed across the two subjects to support their revision and preparation for their examinations.

How we teach the curriculum

How we make learning memorable and how we support our pupils to remember it. How we use rote, retrieval, interleaving, metacognition etc. in our teaching; why we teach in the way we are and justify decisions around how and why it is being taught this way.

by an enquiry-based approach to

learning to support deep thinking,

knowledge and understanding. This

helps embed subject knowledge

and develop metacognition and

group work skills to develop

resilience. This enables retrieval

interleaving of teaching to identify

the key skills and how to apply them

Texts are chosen to fit with the

requirements of the KS4 NC and the

and the AQA English Language

syllabus. Talk for Writing is used to

support the coverage of areas

which pupils have gaps in, which are

pertinent to their lives outside

school. Transactional writing builds

knowledge of skills they need

outside the classroom.

to all texts and writing styles.

Delivering

What we

curriculum

Delivery of lessons is underpinned | Assessment for Learning is used in all lessons to provide evidence for use by pupils and teachers to decide where pupils are in their learning, where they need to go and how best to get there.

How we make it challenging and

ambitious for our pupils. How we assess

learning, knowledge and understanding;

what have they learnt and how well have

they learnt it? Consider what assessments

we use, when we use them and how and

expect from the

Formative Assessment

why we assess this way?

This is used to provide information about what pupils know, understand, and can do. This is used by both the teacher and the pupil to determine where pupils are in their learning and how to continue to develop their knowledge and skills within the subject. This will include:

- Effective teacher feedback (written and verbal)
- Peer feedback

Summative Assessment

This is also used at key points in each year to evaluation pupils' achievement. They allow a holistic view of pupils' progress and support the identification of areas requiring additional focus to improve learning overall.

- Pupils will be able to structural choices.
- Pupils will then develop the fluency of their reading through the evaluation of how writers use methods to convey meaning.

Why now:

What:

choices.

Both word and sentence level analysis transferred as it is applied to fiction sources from poetry analysis.

What: Reading Non-fiction

Pupils draw upon a range

of 19th Century sources

compared to 20th or 21st

Century texts to develop

Pupils will be able to

identify explicit and

implicit information as

well as summarise and

synthesise information.

Pupils will then develop

reading through

comparison

methods

meaning.

Why now:

the fluency of their

to

the

writers'

convey

their critical reading.

Why now:

cultural

Exploration a full text allows pupils to develop skills from Y9 using the most accessible and challenging literature text from the spec.

What: Transaction Writing

literal and inferential

exploration, distinguishing

between explicit and

Critical reading of the text

to identify themes and

how social, historical, and

influence the writer's

implicit ideas.

contexts

Challenging text for pupils to retain is placed as close to the examination as possible.

use of Standard English.

What: Creative Writing

- Pupils will explore how to present and maintain a viewpoint vocabulary, grammar, and
- Pupils will focus on using examples of others to select, organise and emphasise facts, ideas, and key points.

Why now:

After studying 19th C. text capitalises on familiarity with style, voice, and narrative. Using extracts from ACC to also support revision.

- · Pupils will produce clear and coherent non-fiction texts reflecting purpose and audience.
- consistent through the selection of

Builds on S&L, continuing the non-fiction style such as letter, speech, and articles.

Why now:

influences.

- Pupils will produce clear and coherent narrative or descriptive writing texts.
- Pupils will explore how language can be used creatively through their selection of vocabulary, grammar, and form to engage the reader.
- Pupils will focus is very much on language and device choice, structure and narrative voice using a range of stimuli to practice and develop their skills.

Why now:

Narrative and descriptive writing skills have threaded through the curriculum.

What:

Why now:

- Pupils will experience a wide range of poetry to further develop their ability to closely analyse unseen poems and the methods used by poets to present these ideas.
- Pupils will analyse poems will explore the poet's intent through their choice of language, poetic devices and meaning.
- Pupils will also consider how unseen poems can be compared, focusing on the writers' methods.

Why now:

Builds on poetry skills developed Year 10 to develop the skills taught in focused on a wider range of unfamiliar poems.

Literature and the skills for English Language.

Curriculum overview Teacher intervention Concept/Unit overview Moderation & standardisation Lesson overview - targeted to End of unit assessment pupil needs (differentiation) **SUBJECT** Teacher intervention Teacher intervention CURRICULAR CYCLE Key skills/knowledge tasks Key skills/knowledge tasks (differentiated) (differentiated) Teacher intervention Teacher intervention Key skills/knowledge tasks Mid-term assessmen (differentiated) (differentiation) Teacher intervention

AQA specification. They also build on skills, personal experiences and Questioning cultural capital of the pupils.

- The writing curriculum is designed
- to follow the KS4 NC requirements
 - Pupil self-assessment